

Hairs almost absent from body except on clypeus, mandibles, and posterior end of gaster.

Head, thorax, petiole, and postpetiole varying from light to dark yellowish red, gaster uniform dark brown or black, appendages light, with the antennal club very distinctly infuscated.

Description based largely on specimens from Mayaguëz, Puerto Rico, collected by the author.

*Female*.—Length 2.5 mm. Head, thorax and petiole brown, abdomen black, legs, antennae and mandibles yellow, the club of the flagellum infuscated. Head very similar to that of worker, but a trifle wider. Eyes rather small, very little larger than in the worker. Ocelli small, inconspicuous and sunk a little below the surface. Pronotum widely exposed at the anterior lateral angles, which are rounded; the median portion of the pronotum is occluded by the mesonotum, which extends far forward in the middle. The mesonotum is convex in front, very feebly convex or nearly flat transversely in its posterior half. The scutellum is rather flat, very slightly raised above the level of the metanotum. Dorsum of the epinotum wider than long, widest at the base, sloping downwards posteriorly; the epinotal teeth are longer than in the worker. Abdomen similar to that of the worker but larger. Wings hyaline, the nervures hardly distinguishable. Puncturation as in the worker. The pubescence of the abdomen longer and more abundant than in the worker." (Arnold, 1916, So. Afr. Mus. Ann. 14: 201-202.)

The following description by Borgmeier (1937, Rev. de Ent. 7: 132) is based upon one specimen found with 6 workers in a small acacia gall at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, on July 15, 1935:

*Ergatoid male*.—Length 1.7 mm. Head without mandibles slightly longer than wide (55 : 50), narrower anteriorly, posterior angles broadly rounded, posterior border straight. Eyes relatively small, slightly convex, situated in the anterior third of the sides of the head. Mandible very long, linear, without apical border, tapering toward the apex and pointed, straight in the basal half, curved in the apical half. Clypeus emarginate in front, with 2 carinae which enclose a deep and wide furrow; this furrow prolonged into the frontal area up to the middle of the front. Frontal carinae short, divergent posteriorly. Antenna 11-segmented, the 5th funicular segment with a small incision on both antennae. The first funicular segment elongate, claviform, as long as the combined length of the 3 succeeding segments; terminal segment clavate, slightly longer than the combined length of the 6 preceding segments. Scape more or less exceeding three-fourths the length of the head. Pronotum with sharp humeral angles. Promesonotal suture faintly indicated, strongly convex anteriorly. Mesonotum slightly longer than wide (4 : 3), with a transverse gibbosity which forms on each side a triangular protuberance. Meso-epinotal suture represented by a deep furrow. Base of epinotum longer than wide, and also longer than the declivity; slightly convex anteriorly, posteriorly with 2 obtuse teeth. Pedicel as in worker. Petiole pedunculate, node small, elongate