

Smaller ♂.—Colour, structure, sculpture, and hairs, etc., very similar to that of large worker; slightly more slender in proportion; *club* of *antennæ* not quite so strongly marked; *striæ* on *head* not quite so strong. *Long.* 6 mm.

Described from two workers. Finschhafen, New Guinea, April 27th, 1944. E. S. Ross Coll.

Subfamily FORMICINÆ.

Tribe CAMPONOTINI.

Camponotus (Tanæmyrmex) varigatus F. Smith var. *flavo testaceus* Donisthorpe, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (s. 11), xiv. p. 311 (1947).

One worker, one winged female, Maffin Bay, Dutch New Guinea, July 1st, and September, 1944. E. S. Ross Coll.

Camponotus (Tanæmyrmex) coxalis F. Smith, Journ. Proc. Linn. Soc. Lond., Zool. iii. p. 136 (1858).

One winged female, one male, Maffin Bay, Dutch New Guinea, July 1st and September, 1944. E. S. Ross Coll.

Polyrhachis (Cyrtomyrma) grandis, sp. n.

♂.—Black, shining, with the usual sculpture (this consists of very small squares, or mosaics, very finely engraved, and very small punctures); trochanters, femora and tibiæ yellowish red, base of tibiæ blackish, insertion of *antennæ* and tip of last joint, and palpi, yellow. Clothed with very short, narrow, decumbent hairs.

Head massive, slightly broader than thorax, broadest across eyes, narrowed anteriorly, cheeks gradually rounded to temples, which are rounded, posterior border slightly projecting in middle, sinuate at sides, rather sharply margined at posterior angles which are rounded; *mandibles* powerful, finely punctured, masticatory border armed with a rather broad, not very sharp, teeth, the two apical ones being the longest and most pointed; *clypeus* large, convex, transverse, subcarinate at base, anterior border almost straight, with a small tooth on each side, posterior border slightly excised in middle; *frontal area* large, triangular, but indistinct; *frontal furrow* not very marked,