of head. First joint of funiculus longer than broad, 2 to 7 broader than long, terminal joint longer than the two preceding together. Dorsal surface of pronotum, mesonotum, and propodium straight and continuous, founded at the declivity, which is slightly concave, petiole as long as high, a little longer than potspetiole, which is evenly rounded dorsally. Gaster elliptical, legs short, with femora enlarged apically.

Head, mid-dorsal surface of thorax and nodes, and gaster smooth and shining. Frontal border of pronotum feebly straited, sides of mesonotum and propodium finely punctate. Hairs white, sparse over the entire body but more numerous on funiculus, tibia, and tarsi. Head and thorax dark brown to black, nodes, funiculus and legs reddish brown, the last joint of funiculus yellow beneath.

This species closely resembles punensis Forel, taken at Poona India, and described in 1901; specimen of which, minus the postpetiole and gaster, is in the Museum of Comparative Zoology at Harvard University. Punensis is more reddish yellow than the specimens I have before me. Described from 20 workers taken from a foray on the Cuernos de Negros, February 20, 1931. Mr. Alfredo Reyes, of the Biology Department of Silliman, has contributed greatly to our knowledge of Philippine ants through his collecting in the mountains near Ginoog, Oriental Misamis, Mindanao while a teacher of biology in the high school there.

4. ÆNICTUS (TYPHLATTA) MARTINI Forel. Male (hitherto undescribed). Fig. 4.

Male.—Total length, 9.62 mm. Head length from articulation border to tip of the clypeus, 1.37 mm; head width through eyes, 1.67 mm; length of scape, 0.67 mm; length of mandibles, 1 mm; length of alitrunk (Comstock), 2.44 mm; node width, 1.11 mm.

Head through eyes broader than long, front slightly hollowed out, cervical border strongly convex, clypeus straight, anterior border bilobed. Compound eyes large, situated at extreme front angles of head, longer than broad, ocelli large, median ocellus a little anterior to vertex, than the lateral ones. Mandibles more than twice as long as broad, flat, broadest near base, and curved inward. Antennæ with thirteen joints, scape compressed at distal half and reaching medial ocellus. Funiculus fusiform, first and second joints short, 3 to 11 subequal, terminal as long as the two preceding together. Thorax broader