Wing viens brown, surface transparent and iridescent. Gaster longer than alitrunk, with anterior border of the tergite forming a crescent-shaped, raised, smooth area in all the *martini* males examined. Smooth and shining throughout.

Thorax, node, and gaster covered with short appressed hairs. Mandibles, scape, front of head and lateral border of occipital region, femora, and tibia with scattered erect hairs.

Color brown, occipital portion black, mandibles, scape, and legs red.

Described from three winged males, taken from a foray of workers leaving a statary phase of their life cycle, on May 29, 1934. They lay coiled up motionless as they were dragged by the workers. Their queen was also taken at this time. Twelve males, wingless, were taken from another colony on June 6, 1947. They were scattered along the foray with the workers. Twenty-seven males have been taken at lights over the years, only one of which was described. *Enictus bakeri* Menozzi was taken by Dean C. F. Baker at lights at Iligan, Mindanao. List of males and distribution is given at the end of this paper. This is the first record in *Enictus* in which the workers, females, and males are known, as the males cannot be coordinated with the other castes unless taken together.

5. ÆNICTUS (ÆNICTUS) PAPUANUS Donisthorpe.

This species, described by Donisthorpe from New Guinea, belongs to the turneri Forel group, a small, reddish-yellow or yellowish red group. I have not seen the type of papuanus, but have before me several specimens of papuanus collected by Dr. E. O. Wilson in New Guinea, and compared by him with the types in the British Museum. One of my collections in the Manapla Mountains, Occidental Negros, December 23, 1935, of specimens of Ænictus (Ænictus) sp. Wheeler, is so close to papuanus in color and measurements, that I am tentatively referring it to papuanus.

6. ÆNICTUS (ÆNICTUS) sp.

Enictus workers from three other collections are also related to the turneri group. One was made on July 30, 1930, on the Cuernos de Negros, at 1,500 feet altitude; the second on August 7, 1943, at 3,600 feet altitude; the third, at 1,500 feet altitude on April 19, 1949. I am unable to place any of these workers with either turneri or papuanus, as they are somewhat larger