

NOTONCUS ROTUNDICEPS, n. sp.

(Text-fig. 1, No. 15.)

Worker.—Length, 3.8-4.5 mm.

Castaneous. Mandibles, clypeus, front of the face, antennae and legs lighter. Head and gaster brown.

Shining. Mandibles finely striate and punctate. Clypeus longitudinally striate in the middle. The striae longitudinal between the frontal carinae, curving outward behind and encircling the antennal fovea as in *N. hickmani*. Head behind the eyes smooth, with some scattered piligerous punctures. Pronotum and mesonotum smooth, with scattered piligerous punctures. Epinotum transversely striate, the striae descending obliquely on the sides. Node and gaster smooth and shining.

Hair yellowish, long and erect, very fine and abundant throughout. Pubescence very fine and sparse, noticeable only on the gaster.

Head very slightly longer than broad, strongly convex behind and on the sides. Frontal carinae parallel, as long as their distance apart in front. Clypeus convex, the anterior border produced, straight in the middle. Eyes convex, placed at the posterior third of the sides. Scapes extending beyond the occipital border by barely one fourth of their length; first segment of the funiculus twice as long as the second. Mandibles armed with five strong sharp teeth. Thorax fully twice as long as broad. Pronotum one and a half times as broad as long, strongly convex in front and on the sides, the dorsum depressed longitudinally in the middle. Mesonotum circular, convex above. The constriction between the mesonotum and epinotum deep and wide, the spiracles placed on top at each side. Epinotum longer than broad, convex laterally; in profile the dorsum feebly convex, the declivity straight, at an obtuse angle, slightly longer than the dorsum, the sides and top subbordered. Node scale-like, barely three times broader than long, convex laterally; in profile three times higher than long, parallel, bluntly pointed above. Gaster much longer than broad. Legs long and slender.

Habitat.—Western Australia: Albany (J. Clark).

Near *N. hickmani*, but smaller and more slender and differently coloured.

STIGMACROS RETICULATA, n. sp.

(Text-fig. 1, No. 16.)

Worker.—Length, 2.2-2.6 mm.

Black. Mandibles, antennae, except the apical segments, tibia and tarsi testaceous. Apical segments of the antennae and the femora brown.

Subopaque. Gaster smooth and shining. Head, thorax and node finely and densely reticulate.