

characteristics. The present species has a superficial resemblance to *Neoformica pallide-fulva* but is immediately distinguished by the wide incised scale. It is more sharply differentiated from members of the *Formica fusca* group by the relatively longer antennae and alitrunk. Comparative ratios with similar sized specimens of *F. cunicularia* Latr. are: *F. cunicularia* head length: scape length — 97 : 100; head length: alitrunk length 100 : 175. *F. rufolucida* head length: scape length — 74 : 100; head length: alitrunk length — 100 : 190. *London Museum BM*

Type and cotype ♂♂ — Length 5.5—8 mm. Head length from occiput to front clypeal border not longer than maximum head width. Head with occipital angles smoothly rounded, narrowing anteriorly; frontal triangle twice as wide as high. Clypeus keeled with the front border slightly raised. Antennae long with the scape surpassing the occipital border by nearly half its length. Second, third and fourth funiculus segments subequal, together slightly longer than twice as long as the first segment. Prothorax rather domed above and smoothly rounded; epinotum with dorsal and posterior faces subequal, smoothly rounded in profile. Scale wide, incised in the middle so as to form two broadly rounded lobes. Gaster large, smooth and shining. Thorax finely sculptured and shining; head slightly more coarsely sculptured, especially clypeus. Faint pubescence on front of head and on gaster but not obscuring sculpture. Long outstanding hairs on head and gaster, gula and alitrunk bare. Tibiae with a row of suberect bristles on inner face, spurs long and slender. Most of head, tips of antennae, variable patch on pronotum and whole gaster dark brown, the rest including clypeus, cheeks, most of antennae, legs and mandibles yellowish red.

*Pseudolasius minutus* Emery. 1 ♀, Waschaung.

*Pseudolasius* sp. 1 ♀, Taungyi.

The specimen ascribed to *P. minutus* corresponds rather approximately with the description given by Emery (1911). It is 6 mm long, very pubescent, pale yellowish red in colour with the appendages slightly paler. The head is short, wider than long and the maximum widths of head, thorax and gaster are about equal. The thorax is flattened above and the whole body is less massive than in most other species of the genus. *P. minutus* is recorded from Java and Sumatra and if correctly named, is a new record for Burma.

The second specimen is much larger — 9 mm long; the thorax is massive relative to the head. The head and appendages are pale reddish brown; the thorax is unevenly reddish brown; the tip of the funiculus is dusky. The gaster is predominantly brown with a reddish patch to each side on the first segment. All body surfaces including the appendages are clothed in long thick pubescence and yellowish outstanding hairs. The wings are very dark. The only *Pseudolasius* so far recorded from Burma is *P. emeryi* Forel which has different characters.

*Acantholepis* sp. 1 ♂, Kambaiti.

I have no means of identifying this ♂ at present. The length is 3.2 mm. It has pale wings and a narrowed gaster. The body is shining black with all surfaces including the appendages, clothed in long pale hairs. This genus has not been recorded from Burma.