

equally wide in front of and behind articulation of antennæ. Head as long as broad, widest at eyes, which are prominent and placed at the posterior angles; occipital border convex. Antennæ very long, reaching to base of gaster.

The scape extends almost two-thirds of its length beyond the occiput. All funicular joints long and narrow, the second shorter than the first or third. Pronotum with rounded shoulders. Promesonotum convex in both directions, the mesonotum bluntly bordered. Thorax constricted and slightly impressed at mesoepinotal suture. Base of epinotum nearly twice as wide as long, barely half as long as declivity, with two long horizontal spines slightly directed outwards, thick at base, almost as long as the declivity. Legs long.

Node from the side more or less conical, from in front slightly wider at apex, sides straight; the two fine spines are horizontal, more widely spreading proportionately than the epinotal spines, nearly as long as the space between their bases.

Shining; mandibles with scattered punctures and finely striate at base. Rest of body with a fine ground-reticulation, which on the promesonotum has a circular direction, and on scale and gaster is more or less transverse.

*Polyrhachis (Myrmhopla) striata*, Mayr. ♀, Port de Kock.

*Polyrhachis (Myrma) mayri*, Rog. ♂, Muara Kiawei.

*Polyrhachis (Myrmotherinax) thrinax*, Rog., subsp. *javanica*, Mayr, var. (Crawley, Ent. Rec. xxxv. 2, p. 31, 1923). Fort de Kock, 1920.

The var. *javanica*, according to the description, has legs and antennæ ferruginous, but two specimens from Sumatra have the antennæ (except the last three or four joints of funiculus) and entire legs dark brown or black. Emery tells me he has a specimen from Singapore with similar colouring. As there does not appear to be any other difference in these specimens from the type, I prefer to record them as subsp. *javanica*, Mayr, simply.

Fort de Kock, Sumatra (E. Jacobson, 1097, 1920).

Forel ('Formicides des Indes et de Ceylan,' part 111) refers to "race *javana*, Mayr," and is followed by Bingham ('Fauna of British India,' vol. ii., Formicidæ, p. 411). The name given by Mayr to his variety in Tijds. voor Entom. x. 1867, p. 20, is *javanica*.

These ants make their nests of cardboard-like matter (not