

hairless. On the clypeus and gula the hairs are long and many of them flexuous. Pubescence absent, except on the antennal funiculi. — Rich reddish brown; mesopleurae, declivity of epinotum, coxae and femora, except at their articulations, castaneous brown; epinotum, except its dorsal surface, petiole and gaster black; apical halves of petiolar horns on their dorsal surface bright orange yellow as are also the posterior borders of the ventral gastric segments and a broad apical band, almost interrupted in the middle, on each of the dorsal segments".

Maennchen. — Kopfbreite 3,4 mm. Augenlaenge 1,2 mm; Abstand des unteren Augenrandes von der Mandibelinsertion 1/4 bis 1/3 der Augenlaenge. Breite des vorderen Ocellus 0,4 mm; der gegenseitige Abstand der Aussenraender der seitlichen Ocellen ist groesser als der Abstand des seitlichen Ocellus vom oberen Augenrand. Breite des Petiolus 2,6 bis 2,8 mm. Hintertibie 2,4 bis 3 mm. Fluegel 15-16 mm. Mesopleuren behaart. Pronotum ohne lange Haare. Mesonotum groeber punktiert als bei den andern Rassen; Pubescenz weniger anliegend, nicht seidig; ein breiter Kranz von langen Haaren am Vorder- und Seitenrand. Scutellum behaart.

Untersuchtes Material: *Soldaten* (Arbeiter): Franz. Guiana: Cayenne [Foch]. Brit. Guiana: Kartabo [Wheeler]; Oronoque River [Weber; Cotypen von *jeanae*]. Brasil, Pará: Santarem [Garbel]; Itaituba [Garbel]; Rio Tapajoz [ex coll. Reichensperger]; Mulatinha [Gonçalves]; Ananindena [Oliveira]. Amazonas: São Gabriel [Zikán]. Mato Grosso: Rondonópolis [P. Columban]; Abuná [Mann & Baker]. Pernambuco: Tapera [Pickel]. Colombia: Vilavicencio [Apolinar Maria]; Umbria, Putumayo [ex coll. Reichensperger]; Bogotá [Roba]; S. Ana [Mann]. Peru: Valle Chanchamayo [Weyrauch]; Rio Aguaytia [Weyrauch]; Tingo Maria [Weyrauch]; Iquitos [Shannon]; Chanchanza. Bolivia: Buena Vista, Santa Cruz [Martinez]; Coroico [Martinez]; Rio Mapiro [Marcus]. — *Maennchen*: Franz. Guiana: St. Jean du Maroni [Le Mout; Typen von *cupiens*]; Cayenne. Brit. Guiana: Kartabo [Wheeler VII.20; 2 reife Maennchen-Puppen]; Heyde Park [Pfeiff VIII.45]; Upper Mazaruni River [Pinkus IX.X.38]; Tumatumari, Potaro River [VI.27]. Venezuela: Mt. Duida [XI.28]. Brasil, Pará: Belem [Baker]; Taperinha bei Santarem [Zerny VII.27]. Amazonas: Teffé [Bassler XI.24]. Pernambuco: Tapera [Pickel XI.29]; Bonito [I.83]. Mato Grosso: Fazenda Murtinho [Spitz II.36]; Salobra [VII.38]. Peru: Tingo Maria [Weyrauch 1940]; Valle Chanchamayo [Weyrauch X.39]; Rio Urubamba, Machu Picchu 2000 m [Weyrauch XII.40]; Sinchona [Sander XI.43]. Bolivia: Monteros, Santa Cruz [Prosen X.49].

Originalbeschreibungen

Labidus burchellii Westwood (1842). — "Piceo-niger, pubescens et pilosus, abdomine fulvo-brunneo, pedunculi lateribus valde elevatis mandibulis subrectis, tibiis tarsisque posticis gracilibus. Long. corp. lin. 9½. Expans. alar. lin. 18½. Taken at Santos, Brazil, by W. Burchell, Esq., on the 30th October, 1826, at 9 o'clock P. M. This very distinct species has the head and thorax of a dirty brown colour and pubescent, and the abdomen fulvous-brown and not shining, the body beneath and at the sides clothed with long slender reddish hairs. The head is large, and the ocelli minute. The mandibles are long, nearly straight, the tips only being bent round. The thorax is closed with a dirty