

preying on a colony of *Azteca alfari* Emery, which was nesting in a *Cecropia mexicana*". — Gaeste wurden bei *sumichrasti* bisher nicht gefunden.

Originalbeschreibung

Eciton sumichrasti Norton (1868). — "Worker minor. Length 0.15-17 in. Black; antennae, abdomen, and legs, reddish piceus. Head one-half wider than thorax, somewhat contracted behind, deeply emarginated, with sharp slightly recurved angles. Antennae somewhat clavate. Mandibles short and stout; eyes minute. The whole head and thorax covered with large deep pits, rather confluent longitudinally upon the head. Sutures between parts of thorax distinct. Nodes of peduncle of equal size, the first coarsely punctured; no spines beneath; abdomen shining, polished. The whole body sprinkled with pale hair, most abundant on abdomen. All the tibial spines pectinate. Claws simple. (Seven specimens)".

Neivamyrmex nigrescens (Cresson) ♀ ♀ ♂

(Taf. 27 Fig. 3; Taf. 34 Fig. 10; Taf. 40 Fig. 12; Taf. 43 Fig. 23-24;
Taf. 50 Fig. 5, 13, 18; Taf. 72 Fig. 2)

Labidus nigrescens Cresson, 1872 p. 194 (Maennchen; Texas); 1887 p. 259.
Eciton nigrescens, Dalla Torre 1893 p. 5.
Eciton (Labidus) nigrescens, Emery 1895b p. 261 (Texas).
Eciton (Acamatus) nigrescens, Wheeler 1908b p. 417, pl. 26 fig. 2 (Maennchen, Kansas; nov. descr.). — Emery 1900a p. 517, 525; 1910 p. 27. — M. R. Smith 1938 p. 157 (schmitti syn.).
Eciton (Neivamyrmex) nigrescens, M. R. Smith 1942 p. 551, fig. 4, 23 (Maennchen, Weibchen, Arbeiter); 1951 [in Muesebeck] p. 781. — Buren 1944 p. 180. — Borgmeier 1948a p. 193. — Creighton 1950 p. 73. — Gillespie & Cole 1950 p. 203.
Eciton sumichrasti, Mayr 1886 p. 120; 1887a p. 440 (part., nec Norton). — Forel 1899a p. 27 (part.). — Wheeler 1900 p. 563, fig. 1-3 (Arbeiter, Weibchen, Texas; Biol.). — Wheeler & Long 1901 p. 160 nota 2 (Cuernavaca, Mex.). — Mann 1926 p. 99 (Weibchen; Guadalajara, Mex.).
Eciton (Acamatus) sumichrasti, Wheeler 1908b p. 410 (Mexico: Cuernavaca, Guadalajara [nec "Tapotlan = rugulosus Borgm."]; 1914 p. 41 (Hidalgo: San Miguel; Pachuca; Guerrero Mill.). — Leonard 1911 p. (Point Loma, Calif.).
Eciton (Acamatus) schmitti Emery 1894a, p. 183 (Arbeiter; Schluessel); 1895b p. 258 (Arbeiter, descr.; Doniphan, Missouri). — Forel 1899a p. 28 (Missouri; Tepic, Mex.). — Wheeler & Long 1901 p. 161, fig. 1, 2b (Maennchen, Austin, Tex.; Biol.). — Wheeler 1908b p. 410, pl. 26 fig. 13 (Texas, New Mex., Colorado, Missouri, N. Carolina). — Emery 1900a p. 524 (Mexico, Am. Cent. [?]); 1910 p. 25, pl. 1 fig. 4. — M. R. Smith 1924 p. 84 (Biol.); 1927 p. 401 (Biol.). — Creighton 1932 p. 78. — Borgmeier 1936 p. 59 (Texas). — G. C. Wheeler 1942 p. 331, pl. 2 fig. 29-33 (Larve, Texas). — Newell, J. Econ. Ent. vol. 7 p. 147.

Holo type: Maennchen (Academy of Natural Sciences, Philadelphia), von Bosque Co., Texas, G. W. Belfrage leg.

Arbeiter. — *Maior* (von Laurel, Miss.): Laenge (ausgestreckt) 5,8 mm. Basalglied der Maxillartaster verdickt (Taf. 43 fig. 24). Kopf (Taf. 27 Fig. 3): Breite 1,16 mm, Laenge