

mm, Breite 0,76 mm, vor dem Epinotum nicht eingeschnuert. Pronotum vorn mit Querkiel. Epinotum fast auf demselben Niveau wie das Mesonotum. Epinotum laenger als breit, hinten fast so breit wie vorn und abgerundet, mit der absteigenden Flaeche fast einen rechten Winkel bildend. Petiolus subquadratisch, Laenge 0,48 mm, Breite 0,4 mm, Seiten von oben leicht konvex, anteroventraler Zahn vorhanden, stumpf. Postpetiolus quer, Laenge 0,4 mm, Breite 0,52 mm, Seiten konvex. Gaster 1,4 mm, Breite 1 mm. Hinterschenkel 1,2 mm, Hintertibie 1,16 mm. — Kopf, hintere Haelfte des Postpetiolus und Gaster glaenzend. Thorax matt, Mesonotum zuweilen etwas glaenzend. Kopf zerstreut punktiert, zuweilen auch fein genetzt. Thorax und Petiolus dicht genetzt-punktiert und fein gerunzelt, Seiten des Pronotums chagriniert, Postpetiolus fein genetzt. Abstehende Behaarung lang und reichlich, auch am Scapus und an den Beinen. Faerbung kastanienbraun, Gaster und Beine heller. — *Minor*: Laenge 3 mm. Der Scapus reicht bis zum oberen Kopfdrittel.

W e i b c h e n. — [Nach M. R. Smith, 1942] "Length 13,5 mm. Head subquadrate, with almost straight, subparallel sides, angular posterior corners, and broadly and rather deeply emarginate posterior border. Eye ocellus-like, fairly large and distinct but not so large or distinct as that of *nigrescens*. Mandible linear, superior border descending to meet inferior border in a long, oblique slope, which ends in an apical tooth. Scape curved, strongly enlarging toward apex, approximately one-half as long as head. Region adjacent and somewhat posterior to frontal area weakly protuberant anteriorly. A short, shallow, median groove running posteriorly from clypeus. External surface of clypeus concave, with middle of anterior border broadly and rather deeply excised. Dorsal surface of head, from above, with distinct median impression near occipital border but without a distinct impression on side of head anterior to each posterior corners; sides of head converging behind, giving this region an extended appearance, and forming very angulate posterior corners. Thorax elongate, approximately two and six-tenths times as long as broad, nearly uniform in width throughout, epinotum not distinctly wider than mesonotum as with females of *nigrescens* and *opacithorax*. Pronotum approximately as broad as long, convex above, lacking indications of lateral margins. Median longitudinal impression absent on mesonotum but present as a very shallow impression on epinotum. Posterior corners of epinotum not so broadly angular or distinct as in *nigrescens* and