

Genus *Leptogenys* Roger

Revision: In our generic characterization (1952:639) the second sentence should read: Tubercles numerous (100–134); mammiform; encircled by a sub-apical ring of 4–10 relatively long hairs.

*Leptogenys (Lobopelta) fallax fortior* Forel (fig. 3). Length (through spiracles) about 4.7 mm. Similar to *L. sp.* (1952:640) except as follows. Tubercles fewer (106), bearing a distinct nipple and with more numerous hairs (6–10), which are about twice as long (0.36 mm). Entire integument with minute spinules in short to long rows, which are transversely subparallel except concentric around bases of tubercles. Body hairs moderately long (0.006–0.106 mm). Cranium feebly cordate; integument with about 40 sensilla. Posterior surface of labrum spinulose, spinules minute to long and isolated or in short rows. Maxillary spinules sparse, long and slender. Labial spinules numerous, fine and so long that rows overlap. Hypopharynx spinulose, spinules minute and in numerous short arcuate rows. (Material studied: 1 larva from Queensland, courtesy of Rev. B. B. Lowery.)

Genus *Odontomachus* Latreille

W. M. Wheeler (1928) discussed mermithergates in *O. haematoda* Linnaeus and *O. chelifer* Latreille and inferred that the nematode larva (*Mermis*) had been parasitic in the ant larva.

## REFERENCES

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