

*Lasiomyrma gracilinoda* sp. nov.

(Figs. 9–10)

*Worker.* HL 0.56 mm; HW 0.48 mm; SL 0.31 mm; CI 84; SI 66; WL 0.68 mm; PW 0.40 mm; PL 0.21 mm; PH 0.23 mm; DPW 0.16 mm; PPL 0.15 mm; PPH 0.18 mm; PPW 0.20 mm; TL 2.1 mm.

Head 1.17 times as long as wide, coarsely punctate, with very weakly concave occipital margin in full face view; sides behind eyes subparallel. Eye 0.18 mm in maximum diameter.

Alitrunk densely punctate, with largely straight promesonotal dorsum excepting the posterior portion weakly convex, and straight propodeal dorsum; metanotal groove shallow. Mesopleuron rather short, its maximum length slightly longer than its length of ventral margin. Propodeal spine thin, longer than wide at base; propodeal declivity steep; propodeal lobe weakly produced posteriorly.

Petiole slightly higher than long, with a thin node in profile; node reversed V-shaped with a bluntly produced dorsum. Postpetiole slightly longer than high, with convex dorsal margin in profile.

Gaster with shallow small punctures that are moderately spaced, in dorsal view 0.49 mm in maximum width.

Body reddish brown; mandible and antenna yellow; legs brown.

*Holotype.* Worker, Poring (600 m alt.), Kinabalu Park, Sabah, Borneo, Malaysia, 29. X. 1996, T. Kikuta leg.

*Type depository.* Tropical Biology and Conservation Unit, Malaysia Sabah University, Kota Kinabalu.

*Etymology.* Named after its thin petiolar node in profile.

*Remarks.* This species is distinguished from *L. gedensis* sp. nov. by the straight propodeal dorsum, the absence of an angle of anterior slope of petiolar node and the concave occipital margin of head in full face view, and from *L. maryatiaae* sp. nov. by the thinner petiolar node, the shorter mesopleuron and the weakly produced propodeal lobe. Known only from the holotype.

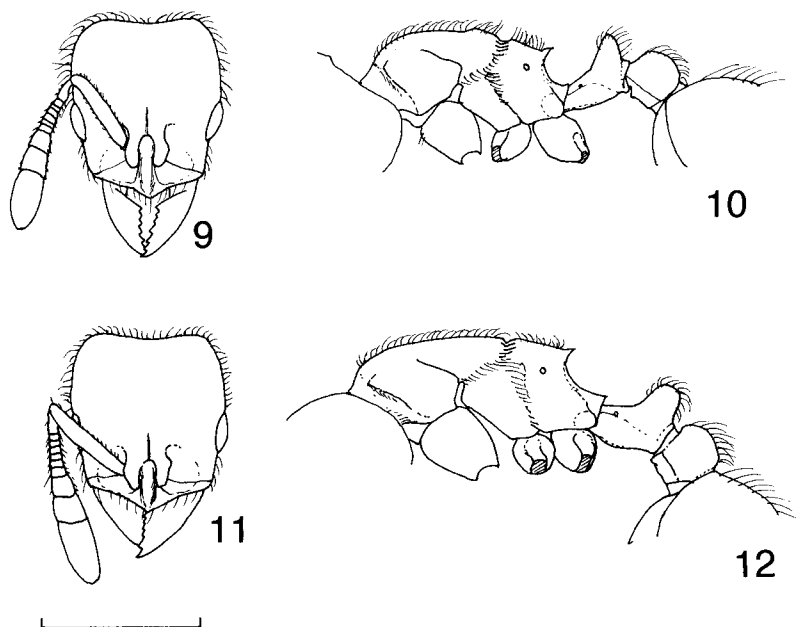
*Lasiomyrma maryatiaae* sp. nov.

(Figs. 11–12)

*Worker.* HL 0.55 mm; HW 0.45 mm; SL 0.30 mm; CI 82; SI 67; WL 0.65 mm; PW 0.39 mm; PL 0.23 mm; PH 0.23 mm; DPW 0.14 mm; PPL 0.15 mm; PPH 0.16 mm; PPW 0.18 mm; TL 2.2 mm.

Head 1.22 times as long as wide, densely punctate, with evenly convex sides and weakly concave occipital margin in full face view. Eye 0.14 mm in maximum diameter.

Alitrunk densely punctate, with flat promesonotal and propodeal dorsa; metanotal groove shallow; propodeal spine as long as wide at base; propodeal declivity gently sloping to propodeal lobe; propodeal lobe produced posteriorly. Mesopleuron long, its maximum length distinctly longer than its length of ventral margin.



Figs. 9–12. Workers of *Lasiomyrma gracilinoda* sp. nov. (9, 10) and *L. maryatiaae* sp. nov. (11, 12) — 9, 11, Head in full face view; 10, 12, body in profile. Scale bar: 0.5 mm.