

Mandible with 8 teeth (apical 2 prominent); anterior clypeal margin in full face view with median lobe emarginate; apex in lateral view concave (or flat to concave). Compound eye with 4 - 5 ommatidia in greatest diameter. Propodeal spines of moderate length, approximately  $\frac{1}{3}$  length of declivitous face of propodeum. Scape almost reaching but not surpassing occipital vertex (distance less than length of first funicular segment). Metanotal impression shallow, depth approximately  $\frac{1}{4}$  - 0.20 length of propodeal spines; wide, approximately 2X as wide as long, depth decreasing towards anterior. Propodeal plates well developed, almost as long as propodeal spines, directed posteriorly. Anterior subpetiolar process reduced. Petiole pedunculate; stalk approximately  $\frac{1}{2}$  length of petiole. Anterior subpostpetiolar process prominent, posterior subpostpetiolar process reduced. Head rugose with rugae anastomosing on sides and occipital vertex, except as follows: clypeus with traces of 2 carinulae extending from each side of emargination and converging towards frontal area; frontal area carinate with carinae diverging posteriorly; central  $\frac{1}{3}$  of frontal area (between antennal sockets) glassy-smooth; venter of head scabrous. Interstices glassy-smooth with scattered piligerous punctures. Thoracic dorsum rugose (almost scabrous in center); sides carinate (with longitudinal carinae similar to *S. striatulum*). Thoracic pleura rugose to scabrous (becoming mostly scabrous near anterior and posterior borders). Neck of pronotum rugulose. Metanotal impression scrobiculate. Mesopleuron with scrobiculate median area (ridges between hollows widely separated). Coxae transversely carinate (most prominent on procoxae); remainder of legs glassy-smooth with small piligerous punctures. Propodeal dorsum with transversely carinate basal face and glassy-smooth declivitous face; side of declivitous face with prominent large longitudinal rugae. Large conspicuous pit at base of procoxae. Alitrunk interstices glassy-smooth with scattered piligerous punctures. Petiolar node dorsum rugose (with decidedly longitudinal orientation) and punctate; remaining surfaces rugulose and punctate except venter rugulose. Postpetiolar node dorsum similar to petiolar node dorsum; sides rugulose, venter punctulate. First gastral tergite base carinate; carinae diverging towards posterior; length of carinae not exceeding  $\frac{1}{4}$  length of postpetiole. First gastral sternite base with similar carinae, length not exceeding  $\frac{1}{4}$  to 0.20 length of postpetiole. Remainder of gaster glassy-smooth (even at high magnifications), with scattered piligerous punctures. Setae of head mostly suberect to appressed; setae on clypeal margin erect; setae on scape suberect to erect in some specimens, decumbent or appressed in others. Setae on alitrunk, petiole, postpetiole, and gaster erect to suberect. Setae on legs