

appressed). Setae of petiole appressed on dorsum of stalk, erect to suberect on node. Setae of postpetiole erect to appressed; setae on venter erect. Head, alitrunk, petiole, and postpetiole ferrugineous, gaster and appendages testaceous." DuBois (1993: 322 - 323).

## GYNE

Measurements and associated statistics are presented in Appendix Table 10. Key statistics are presented herein: TL ( $4.63 \pm 0.198$ , 3), H ( $0.94 \pm 0.22$ , 3), HW ( $0.82 \pm 0.019$ , 3), CI ( $87.69 \pm 0.624$ , 3), SL ( $0.71 \pm 0.016$ , 3), SI ( $86.29 \pm 1.003$ , 3), AL ( $1.43 \pm 0.077$ , 3), PRW ( $0.74 \pm 0.049$ , 3), PL ( $0.50 \pm 0.005$ , 3), PH ( $0.28 \pm 0.023$ , 3).

"As described for worker except as follows: mandible with 6-7 teeth (apical 2 prominent); anterior clypeal margin in full face view with median lobe weakly emarginate; apex in lateral view flat to slightly concave. Compound eye with 15-18 ommatidia in greatest diameter. Propodeal spines of moderate length, approximately a length of declivitous face of propodeum. Scape almost reaching occipital vertex (missing by amount less than length of first funicular segment). Petiole pedunculate; stalk slightly less than  $\frac{1}{2}$  length of petiole. Thoracic dorsum longitudinally carinate (similar to *S. striatulum*). Thoracic pleura glassy smooth near center, longitudinally carinate towards either end. Neck of pronotum punctulate. Mesopleuron with scrobiculate median area. Coxae transversely carinate. Petiolar node dorsum rugose; anterior and posterior surfaces rugose. Postpetiolar node dorsum glassy-smooth; remaining surfaces rugose. First gastral tergite with base carinate with numerous carinae diverging towards posterior (longest carina located near midline of tergite, 0.20 to 0.25 length of postpetiole)." DuBois (1993: 323).

"MALE. Arnol'di (1975: 1826) briefly described the male of this species (which he called *S. hirtulum*). To the best of my knowledge, this description was based upon specimens Arnol'di examined from Russia. I do not believe he consulted the type worker for comparison. Since this description is in Russian and I was unable to locate any specimens (in ZMUM or elsewhere), I provide the following translation.

'Scape is narrow, slightly bent at the base, with long setae as in worker. Eyes are bulging and equal in size to the temples. Propodeum is typical. Main surface is depressed. Slanted surface is slightly concave. Both surfaces are covered