

view convex to flat. Compound eye with 4 - 6 ommatidia in greatest diameter. Scape not reaching occiput by just less than length of first funicular segment. Propodeal spines of moderate length, approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ length of declivitous face of propodeum (with very sharp points). Metanotal impression deep, depth nearly equal to length of propodeal spines; approximately 2X as wide as deep, depth decreasing toward anterior. A large pit is present at the ventral edge of the pronotum (near procoxae) and is lined with microsetae. Propodeal plates approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ length of propodeal spines, directed posteriorly and slightly upward. Anterior subpetiolar process reduced to a small bump. Petiole pedunculate; stalk slightly less than $\frac{1}{2}$ length of petiole, node rising abruptly almost triangular in outline. Anterior subpostpetiolar process reduced to a small bump, posterior subpostpetiolar process reduced. Head rugose (most similar to the sculpture of *S. westwoodii* and *S. debilis* except as follows: frontal area carinate with carinae diverging toward posterior; central $\frac{1}{3}$ (actually greater than $\frac{1}{3}$ of area) of frontal area (between antennal sockets) glassy-smooth; venter of head rugose (almost scabrous); occipital margin rugose. Interstices heavily punctate, leading to a granular appearance with scattered piligerous punctures. Thoracic dorsum rugose (almost scabrous) with decided longitudinal orientation. Thoracic pleura rugose with decided longitudinal orientation. Neck of pronotum punctulate and rugulose. Metanotal impression scrobiculate with rugae forming part of deep hollows. Mesopleuron with deeply scrobiculate median area, forming large trench like hollows. Coxae transversely carinate (almost rugose to rugulose); remainder of legs with no noticeable carinae, but heavily punctulate throughout. Propodeal dorsum with rugose basal face and transversely carinate basal face (with some rugae between propodeal spines). Alitrunk interstices heavily punctulate, leading to a granular appearance with scattered piligerous punctures. Petiolar node dorsum punctate; remaining surfaces heavily punctate to punctulate, becoming more punctulate towards venter. Postpetiolar node dorsum punctate with a faint trace of rugae; remaining surfaces heavily punctate to punctulate, becoming more punctulate towards venter. First gastral tergite base prominently carinate with numerous carinae diverging towards posterior (longest carinae located near midline of tergite, length of longest carinae exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ length of postpetiole). First gastral sternite base carinate (longest carinae located near midline of sternite, length of longest carinae 0.20 to 0.25 length of postpetiole). Remainder of gaster smooth with scattered piligerous punctures; a faint rugulose pattern is most prominent on first tergite. Setae on head moderately dense, suberect to appressed (erect on clypeus). Setae on scapula